Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan.2016 Signals & Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

a. Sketch EVEN and ODD components of the signal x(t) shown in Fig. Q1 (a). (04 Marks)

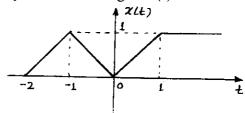


Fig. Q1 (a)

b. Determine whether the following signal x(n) is ENERGY or POWER signal:

$$x(n) = n; \quad 0 \le n \le 5$$

$$= 10 - n; 5 \le n \le 10$$

(04 Marks)

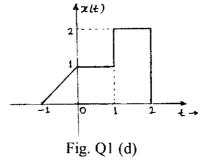
c. Determine whether the following signals are periodic or not. If periodic find the fundamental period:

i)
$$x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{8}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right)$$

- ii) $x(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t) + x_3(t)$ with fundamental periods of 3.2, 9.6 and 12.8 secs for x_1 , x_2 and x_3 respectively. (06 Marks)
- d. A continuous time signal x(t) is shown in Fig. Q1 (d). Sketch
 - i) x(t)u(1-t)
 - ii) x(t)[u(t)-u(t-1)]

iii)
$$x(t)[u(t+1)-u(t)]$$

(06 Marks)



2 a. Determine and sketch the convolved output of the system whose input x(t) and impulse response h(t) are given as follows:

$$x(t) = e^{-3t} \{u(t) - u(t-2)\};$$

$$h(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$$

(10 Marks)

b. State and prove the Associative property of convolution sum.

(04 Marks)

c. Find the unit step response of the following systems given by their impulse responses:

$$i) \quad h(t) = e^{-|t|}$$

ii)
$$h(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$$

(06 Marks)

- 3 a. Determine whether the following systems defined by their impulse responses are causal and stable
 - i) $h(t) = e^{-3t}u(t-1)$

ii)
$$h(n) = 4^{-n} u(2-n)$$

(06 Marks)

b. Find the total response of the system given by differential equation,

$$y''(t) + 3y'(t) + 2y(t) = 2x(t)$$
 with $y(0) = -1$, $y'(0) = 1$ and $x(t) = \cos(t)u(t)$ (10 Marks)

- c. Realize Direct Form I and Direct Form II block diagrams for the system given by the difference equation: $y(n) + \frac{1}{4}y(n-1) y(n-3) = 5x(n-1) + 3x(n-2)$. (04 Marks)
- 4 a. State and prove the following properties of DTFS:
 - i) Frequency shift
 - ii) Convolution
 - iii) Perseval's theorem.

(12 Marks)

- b. Consider the periodic waveform:
 - $x(t) = 4 + 2\cos 3t + 3\sin 4t$
 - i) Find the complex Fourier coefficients.
 - ii) Using Parseval's theorem, find the power spectrum.
 - iii) Find the total average power.

(08 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Find DTFT of the following signals:
 - i) $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 2, 1\}$
 - ii) $x(n) = (0.5)^{n+2}u(n)$

iii)
$$x(n) = n(0.5)^{2n} u(n)$$

(08 Marks)

- b. Using convolution theorem, find the inverse DTFT of $X(e^{j\Omega})$, given $X(e^{j\Omega}) = \frac{1}{(1-ae^{-j\Omega})^2}, \ |a| < 1.$ (08 Marks)
- c. Find inverse Fourier transform of $X(\omega) = \frac{j\omega}{(j\omega + 2)^2}$. (04 Marks)
- 6 a. Find the frequency response and impulse response of the system having the output y(t) for the input x(t) as given below:

$$x(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$$
; $y(t) = e^{-2t}u(t) + e^{-3t}u(t)$

(06 Marks)

- b. Find the Fourier Transform representation for the periodic signal $x(t) = 3 + 2\cos \pi t$ and draw the spectrum. (06 Marks)
- c. Specify the Nyquist rate and Nyquist intervals for the following signals:
 - i) $x_1(t) = \sin C(200t)$
 - ii) $x_2(t) = \sin C^2(200t)$

iii)
$$x_3(t) = \sin C(200t) + \sin C^2(200t)$$

(08 Marks)

7 a. Find Z-transform of given x(n). Sketch ROC, poles and zeros of x(z)

$$x(n) = 3\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} u(n) - 2\left[3^{n} u(-n-1)\right]$$
 (04 Marks)

- b. Determine the signal x(n) whose z-transform is given by, $x(z) = \log(1 az^{-1})$; |z| > |a| by using properties of z-transform.
- c. Find inverse z-transform of the following:

i)
$$x(z) = \frac{z}{3z^2 - 4z + 1}$$
; ROC: $|Z| > 1$: Use partial fraction expansion method

ii)
$$x(z) = \frac{z}{2z^2 - 3z + 1}$$
; ROC: $|Z| < \frac{1}{2}$: Use long division method. (08 Marks)

d. Find $x(\infty)$ if x(z) is given by,

i)
$$\frac{z+2}{(z-0.8)^2}$$
 ii) $\frac{z+1}{3(z-1)(z+0.9)}$ (04 Marks)

- 8 a. A causal system has input x(n) and output y(n). Find the impulse response of the system if, $x(n) = \delta(n) + \frac{1}{4}\delta(n-1) \frac{1}{8}\delta(n-2)$ $y(n) = \delta(n) \frac{3}{4}\delta(n-1).$ (08 Marks)
 - b. A LTI discrete time system is given by the system function $H(z) = \frac{3-4z^{-1}}{1-3.5z^{-1}+1.5z^{-2}}$

Specify the ROC of H(z) and determine h(n) for the following conditions:

- i) the system is stable
- ii) the system is causal

(06 Marks)

c. Solve the following difference equation using unilateral z-transform for the given input and initial conditions.

$$y(n) + 3y(n-1) = x(n)$$
 with $x(n) = u(n)$ and $y(-1) = 1$. (06 Marks)

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